

THE WHIG STANDARD.



"Flag of the free! they fold shall fly,
The sign of hope and triumph nigh."

FOR PRESIDENT,
HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY.

WASHINGTON.

FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 1, 1843.

CONGRESS.

It is now apparent that there will not only be a quorum present in the House of Representatives on Monday, but that very few members will be absent. With the exception of the members from Virginia, not one of whom had arrived last evening, the Locofoco members are now mostly present in the city.

There is much maneuvering going on among the Locos in regard to the officers of the House. All these matters, we suppose, however, will be settled eventually in caucus, that is, if the Calhoun men can be induced to go into a caucus, which, we understand, is more than doubtful. Should they refuse to unite with their Van Buren friends in this measure, the latter will probably endeavor to get along without them the best way they can; and if they have a majority of two or three votes, as they claim to have, over all those opposed to Mr. Van Buren, they will have things in their own way. In that case, from what we can gather out of doors, Mr. Jones, of Virginia, will probably be elected Speaker, and Mr. Harris, a member of the last Congress from Virginia, Clerk. As to the offices of Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper, there is more uncertainty as to the individuals likely to be supported by the Van Buren party.

But the office of Printer to the House is one on which more anxious eyes are turned than upon any other. If the Van Buren men can count on a majority of the whole number of members elected, there can be no doubt, we suppose, of the election of Blair & Rives; but unless this is the case the contest for the place, we infer from the number and character of the candidates for it, will be a very warm one. Among the candidates are, Blair & Rives, Amos Kendall, Mr. Bryant, of the New York Evening Post, and we presume, Gales & Seaton. The first-mentioned cannot certainly ask it on the ground of necessity or party sacrifices, as they have, it is well known, accumulated great wealth from the enjoyment of the public printing and the patronage of the party while in power.

MR. VAN BUREN.

It is scarcely possible for a politician the least observant of passing events not to perceive the strenuous efforts that are being made by the friends of Buchanan, Calhoun, Cass, and Johnson, simultaneously in every part of the United States, to spread the idea among the people that Mr. Van Buren is not an available man for the party of which he has long been the chief. It is equally apparent that those who are endeavoring to create this impression, so as to defeat his nomination by the Locofoco National Convention, are indulging the sanguine and confident hope that their own particular favorite will be the nominee of the Convention. Thus, for instance, the Cass committee in Ohio, some months since, declared that Mr. Van Buren never had obtained, and never could obtain the vote of that State; and at the same time urged the claims of their friend upon the people. So lately in Pennsylvania, the Buchanan Convention used very strong language denunciatory of New York politicians and of Mr. Van Buren, and more than intimated their determination not to submit to his nomination. Mr. Calhoun's friends and the press which sustains him pursue the same course in South Carolina and elsewhere.

But notwithstanding these attempts to drive him out of the field that they may have the fight among themselves—a more equal one—and to alarm the fears of the party as to their success in case he shall be nominated, he has at this moment a stronger hold upon the confidence of his party than any other individual of those named as candidates for nomination, and we believe can count a greater number of devoted adherents in it, at least among the active portion of it, those who are its mind and will, and direct its energies, than all the rest put together. It is folly to talk of Mr. Van Buren as a weak man. He is not a weak man, as we shall find in 1844. We can beat him, but not so easy as we could the others. Mr. Van Buren has mind, experience, great tact, and devoted friends who have not their superior in political strategy. These friends are found in every part of the Union, and it is they who have for years past managed the political wires, and who will continue to pull them. The other candidates have each a local and circumscribed popularity and strength: Mr. Calhoun in South Carolina and Alabama, Mr.

Buchanan in Pennsylvania, Gov. Cass in Michigan, and Col. Johnson among the "tag-rag and bob-tail" everywhere. Out of their own limited spheres, they are all weak; we have no reason to fear either of them. Those who understand the science of war know that able generals are quite as important as soldiers, and far more difficult to be obtained. Now it so happens that Mr. Van Buren rallies under his banner almost all the old skillful and experienced generals of the party; those who in the Jackson Italian campaigns of 1825, '6, '7, and '8, and 1829, '30, '31, and '32, led each his regiment, brigade, or division into victorious fields; while few or none of them are enlisted in the service of his competitors. This is a fact we should not overlook nor lightly estimate. True, they have not a Napoleon, nor a Jackson, to infuse their own undomitable spirit into the rank and file, and inspire them with an enthusiasm nothing short of madness; but they have a leader who is prudent, wary, cool, and cunning; who never suffers himself to be surprised nor drawn into an ambush. What he lacks in impetuosity, he makes up in prudence and caution—said to be sneaking virtues, but nevertheless, very important to success. All his opponents, we think, Whigs as well as Locos, are inclined to underrate his real strength; not that we have the least doubt but that Mr. Clay can beat him; but, with him as the leader, we should see the active and experienced men of the party, those who have heretofore lived upon, and would now be inspired by the hope of again enjoying "the spoils," buckling on their armor and putting forth their whole energies.

That Mr. Van Buren will be the nominee of the Locofoco National Convention, we have not the least doubt. He has already secured the election of his friends as delegates to the Convention, from New York, Connecticut, and Maine, and there is not a shadow of doubt but the whole delegation from Ohio, will be of the same complexion. That New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, and Tennessee will also send delegates favorable to him we do not question. He is the man then, against whom we have to contend; we have exiled him once to Elba, we must now meet him again at Waterloo, and then—give him a free passage to St. Helena, or Kinderhook.

THE POST OFFICE.

The Spectator of Wednesday throws cold water upon the effort now in progress among the people of different sections of the country to procure an essential modification of the laws and regulations governing the Post Office Department. We are sorry for this, because it is the only instance which has come under our notice of a disapproval of the movement—a movement which certainly originates directly with the people, and cannot be made, in any way, to assume a party political character.

We think the Spectator states the ground of complaint disingenuously when it says, "it is complained first, that it interferes with individuals who think proper to assume its powers, and carry letters for pay from one city to another; and second, that its charges are too high." The argument would be more correctly stated by an inversion of this sentence so as to make it read: it is complained that charges under the present system are so high that individuals can carry letters from one city to another at cheaper rates than those exacted by the Government. Among the statements in the article to which we allude, and the whole of which we have not time to review, is one concerning the result of the penny post system in England, which is, that the "post office revenue has fallen off from six to two millions of pounds annually." We do not know from what source the writer derives his authority for this statistical fact, if such it be, but we do know that the first operation of the system there (which is only partial, we believe, and does not extend to foreign letters) was greatly to increase the revenue. If the reverse is true now, we may still be permitted to doubt whether it be to the extent affirmed. Admitting, however, that it is so, what does it prove? Clearly that the reduction was too great—indeed, it could not have been greater. Now, no one pretends to ask for a similar reduction here, nor for any reduction beyond that which is plainly indicated as just and proper, considering the very different state of things which now exist from those upon which our present system of post office regulations was based. After a sort of childish fling at American traders, (always objects of scorn to the Democratic planters,) the writer finally concedes thus much: "that some modification of the post office laws would be proper we are not prepared to say; the rates of postage should conform to the federal currency, and there probably might be some salutary restrictions placed upon the franking privilege."

CENTRAL BANK OF GEORGIA.—The Senate of Georgia have appointed a committee, and invested it with power to send for persons and papers, to investigate the affairs of the Central Bank of Georgia, late the chief State institution, but the capital of which (\$5,000,000) the Locofocos then in power squandered. Their management of this bank, or rather the squandering of its capital, was one cause of opening the eyes of the people of Georgia, and bringing about the late political revolution.

We learn from the Globe of last evening that B. B. FRENCH, Esq., has withdrawn from the canvass for Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Senator Fulton.—We are happy to hear that Senator Fulton has recovered from his recent severe illness, and is on his way to Washington.

A GREAT AND ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING OF THE WHIGS OF PHILADELPHIA.

The United States Gazette of yesterday, contains the proceedings of an immense gathering of the Whigs of Philadelphia on Wednesday evening. The meeting was designed as an opening of the great campaign of 1844, a commencement of the great movement which will continue from this time until Henry Clay shall have been placed in the Presidential Chair by the almost unanimous voice of the American people.

The meeting was enthusiastic in the extreme; it was presided over by the Hon. George W. Tolland, member of the last Congress, assisted by fourteen Vice Presidents. A series of very able resolutions were offered by Josiah Randall, Esq., prefaced by an eloquent speech from him. The Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll, Wm. B. Read, and Joseph R. Chandler, Esqs., and the Hon. David Hoffman, of Baltimore, and Harman Denny, of Pittsburgh, addressed the meeting. A resolution offered by Mr. Ingersoll recommended the Hon. John Sergeant as a fit person to be placed upon the ticket with Henry Clay, as a candidate for Vice President. A resolution denunciatory of repudiation, declaring that they held in equal contempt the infamous doctrine, and the calumny which imputes it to Pennsylvanians as a people, was received with boisterous and deafening applause.

The meeting broke up with nine cheers for HENRY CLAY, and three for JOHN SERGEANT.

"OLD AND NEW, GENUINE AND SPURIOUS DEMOCRACY."

One of the writers of editorials in the Madisonian undertook, in a long, prosy, abstract article of Wednesday, to give the world a history of the rise and progress of Federalism and Democracy. His account of the origin of the Federal party is extremely erroneous, and shows that he cannot be very familiar with the early history of parties in this country. The subject, however, is not one upon which we choose to enter into a controversy now, and therefore let it pass. The writer says, however, that there are two kinds of Democracy now in this country, the old and the new, the genuine and the spurious, and profess to have put ear-marks upon them, so that no man may hereafter plead ignorance for possessing, with intent to pass it off, the counterfeit. According to his "ear-marks" the Democracy of Mr. Van Buren, Benton, and even that of Gen. Jackson, is the new or spurious kind, while that of John Tyler is the genuine article! The genuine Democracy, he says, "is a kind which would be willing to encounter the frowns of a majority, or of a triumphant party." We are inclined to think, then, that there is very little of the "real ginewine" to be found "in these parts."

Mr. Burnett, the learned blacksmith, is seriously engaged in attempting to make discoveries in the moon, by means of mesmerism or clairvoyance; to which end he proposes to employ three subjects in different places to make observations, and note them down for future comparison. He says he has in his possession the statement of a lad in the clairvoyant state, who visited the moon and went into a building resembling a school-house, found a book which he was unable to read, but at the request of the magnetizer he copied off twenty-eight well-formed characters. At a subsequent visit he saw things better, and took drawings of a monument and metallic horn. Upon the monument was an inscription written in the very characters which the boy found in the book, all of which he had received to compare with the Oriental languages. —*Kennebec Journal.*

This will be sad intelligence for the manufacturers of telescopes, for if little boys can in a clairvoyant state visit "the man in the moon," and peep into all the nooks and corners of that dwelling which he has heretofore occupied "solitary and alone," we cannot see why they may not take another flight, visit the planets and fixed stars, go from world to world, and from system to system, and tell us what they are, whether inhabited, and by what kind of beings; and, in short, satisfy that longing curiosity which seeks to penetrate that deep profundity of mystery which makes us feel our nothingness. The idea of this discovering what a beneficent Deity has in his wisdom thought proper thus far to place beyond our reach, though absurd, is perhaps not a proper one to be treated with ridicule.

OPAL.—The Opal for 1844: A pure Gift for the Holidays. Edited by N. P. Willis. List of embellishments: Christ Walking on the Sea, Ruth and Naomi, Dream of the Consumptive, Christ by the Well of Sychar, The Will, The Daughter of Jairus, The Deserted Wife, The Emigrant's Sabbath Morning. Nine illustrations, by J. G. Chapman. Just received and for sale by

R. FARNHAM,
corner of 11th st. and Penn. av.

PLAYING CARDS.—I have just received, per sch. Sarah from New York, a supply of Lemuel Smith's (formerly Caleb Bartlett) playing cards of different grades, which I am authorized to sell, as agent, at the manufacturer's prices. Stockkeepers and others are respectfully invited to call and examine the lot just received. Orders from the country, enclosing the cash or good city reference, will be promptly attended to. JAMES M. DORSETT.
Snuff, Tobacco, and Fancy store, Penn. avenue, No. 11 east of Gadsby's hotel

FOR RENT.—I will rent upon very moderate terms the brick house which I have nearly completed on the corner of 6th street and Louisiana Avenue. It contains nine rooms, including garrets, with a kitchen. There is also a store in front, with a cellar beneath. The store is arranged so as to be made into two apartments by a partition, thus making two excellent stores for persons doing a small business, or the whole make an excellent grocery or confectionary. The store will be rented separate from, or together with the dwelling. Possession given in two or three weeks.
S. DREW,
nov 11—11 or G. T. Parker, op. Cen. Market.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Ball for the benefit of the poor came off last night, and we understand that a surplus fund of rather more than \$100 will be placed at the discretionary disposal of the Mayor, Mr. Seaton.

The snow-storm, which is succeeding the ball, admonishes the charitably disposed that the season of suffering from cold, as well as hunger, is at hand, and there is no lack of cases of hardship deserving relief.

ARRIVALS AT THE PRINCIPAL HOTELS.

INDIAN QUEEN (BROWN'S) HOTEL.
Hon. David S. Reid, Hon. Willie P. Mangum, N. Carolina; Hon. J. W. Jones, A. A. Chapman, Geo. W. Hopkins, Va.; Hon. James A. Black and R. F. Simpson, S. C.; Hon. Howard Cobb, Ga.; Hon. Dixon H. Lewis, Ala.; Hon. Jos. Vance, R. C. Schenck, E. Florence, and A. Harper, Ohio; Hon. John T. Smith, Pa.; Hon. A. La Branche, La.; Hon. John T. Morris, Ohio; H. Armstrong, Hugh A. Garland, Mr. Wiley, J. M. Stephenson, J. M. Bouly, Va.; Charles Feltgrew, N. C.; Samuel Beman, N. Y.; D. B. Neale, Vermont; John Grubb, Va.; Joe Davis, Pa.; Mr. Fitzgerald, N. Y.; Wm. F. Lucas, Va.; James Hays, Pa.; Dr. McDaniel, Md.; Isaac L. Linsey, Va.; H. Buckler, Pa.

CITY (FULLER'S) HOTEL.
Dr. Crump, Dr. B. S. Jones, Daniel D. Kyle, Wm. A. Nicholls, Va.; E. S. Bridger, Conn.; Seth J. Thomas, Boston; J. Ramsay, U. S. A.

EUROPEAN (GALABURN'S) HOTEL.
Augustus L. McCue, D. C.; Dr. Kearny, U. S. N.; Major Burce, Md.; H. R. Nicholls, St. Louis.

TEMPERANCE (BEER'S) HOTEL.
D. Price, New Jersey; James Edward, N. Y.; S. Strong, Pa.; R. Cockran, Fayetteville, N. C.; John Horham, Henry Nes, York, Pa.

EXCHANGE (TYLER'S) HOTEL.
Robert M. Scott, Md.; M. P. Stacy, Charleston, S. C.; Hon. J. H. Peyton, Hon. E. H. Foster, Tenn.; Wm. Cressler and lady, Va.; Hon. George F. Marsh, Vermont.

VIRGINIA (SWEETING'S) HOTEL.
G. W. Whealey, C. A. Whealey, A. Hiatt, Va.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF GEORGETOWN.
DECEMBER 1, 1843.

ARRIVED.
Packet schooner John Emory, Wood, Baltimore, to E. J. Pickrell, freight for the District.

SAILED.
Packet schooner John Emory, Wood, Baltimore. Schooner Industry, Wallace, Westmoreland. Schooner Lark, Williams, Laurel.

PORT OF WASHINGTON.
NOVEMBER 29.

ARRIVED.
Brig Catharine, Winslow, St. John's, N. B.; salt to J. T. Ryan, and lumber.
Schooner Amanda, Thomaston, Me.; lime to dealers in the city.

A CARD.—T. F. SEMMES, having made large additions to his stock of Wines and Liquors, respectfully calls the attention of his customers and the public thereto. His stock of Cigars is complete, and of the most approved brands, such as Trespasagos, Pateles, Estrellas, Union, &c., varying in prices from twenty to two hundred and fifty dollars a thousand, and is equal, if not superior, to any ever offered in the District. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to give him a call at his store, in Granite Row, Pennsylvania avenue, between 3d and 4th sts. dec 1—31st

WATERSTON'S NEW GUIDE TO WASHINGTON.—To strangers visiting this city, who are frequently at a loss for some guide to direct them to the prominent objects of curiosity and interest which it contains, this little volume will be of great use. It has been found to be so by all who have consulted it.
For sale at R. FARNHAM'S Bookstore, corner of 11th street and Pennsylvania avenue, where can also be had a few copies of the last edition of Mr. Waterston's Gallery of American Portraits, containing sketches of the most distinguished statesmen and orators of this country for the last thirty years.
dec 1—

DARBY'S UNIVERSAL GEOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY.—containing a description of the Empires, Kingdoms, States, Provinces, Cities, Towns, Forts, Seas, Harbors, Rivers, Lakes, Mountains, Capes, &c., in the known world; with the government, customs, and manners of the inhabitants; the extent, boundaries, and natural productions of each country; and the trade, manufactures, and curiosities of the cities and towns. Third edition, with ample additions and improvements. This day published, and for sale by
R. FARNHAM,
dec 1 Bookseller, Penn. av. corner 11th st.

CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS, beautifully bound in Turkey Morocco, gilt, with plates; also, common binding. A large assortment just received, and for sale at very low prices, at
R. FARNHAM'S
dec 1 Bookstore, corner 11th st. and Pa. av.

ELEGANT SHAWLS.—Will be opened this day—1 carton splendid embroidered Thibet shawls
1 do rich figured Thibet and cashmere
1 do large and very heavy black silk shawls
1 do rich changeable silk shawls 8-4 square and very elegant.

50 pieces splendid silks, every style and quality
50 pieces mouselines de laine and cashmeres, some entire new style
10 superfine Thibet cloths, for ladies' dresses, every shade of color
25 pieces chusan and cashmere de casse
10 pieces elegant silk velvets for dresses and bonnets
5 cartons rich velvet and satin ribbons
50 dozen linen cambric handkerchiefs, gloves, hosiery, &c.
20 pieces black and colored alpaccas, silk fringes, &c.

The above with every article in the fancy goods line, will be sold on the most favorable terms.

BROADCLOTHS.
I will open to-day a large assortment of the best—London broadcloths
London, French, and American cassimeres
Velvet and satin vestings
London tweeds for coats and pantaloons
A large assortment of gentlemen's fancy scarfs and cravats, fashionable style
Lamb wool and merino shirts and drawers
Plaid and figured cloths for cloak linings
ALSO,
150 pieces superior and low priced cassinets
100 pair 12-4, 11-4, and 10-4 Whitney blankets
Wide and narrow white and colored flannels
The above goods having been purchased at auction at the north at very low prices, great bargains may be expected by those who may favor me with a call.
nov 9—1m R. C. WASHINGTON.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.—J. H. GIBBS most respectfully informs the Ladies, that there is connected with his Fancy Store, on Pennsylvania Avenue, between 8th and 9th streets, opposite Centre Market, an ORNAMENTAL HAIR MANUFACTORY, where can be found, at all times, or made to order, every variety of curls, bandeaus, tangles, half wigs, braids, &c.

Hair worked up in a great many beautiful styles for bracelets, watch guards, necklaces, ear rings, finger rings, &c., &c. To persons having the hair of their friends or relations, this is a very desirable object.
(Globe, Capitol, and Georgetown Advocate.)

THE SUBSCRIBER has again opened a splendid lot of fashionable Dry Goods, consisting, in part, of—

Mazarine blue French merino
Do Alpaca lustrous
Do plaid cloths, for walking dresses
Do kid gloves
Do gimps and fringes
Royal purple and blue-black silk velvets
Elegant white-watered silks for bonnets
Splendid striped silk velvets, new style, for dresses
Rose-pink velvet, for children and evening dresses
Rich blue-black Gro de Paradiso
Splendid new style changeable and shaded silks
Rich bonnet and neck ribbons
Long white kid gloves, of a superior quality
Long white silk lace gloves
Orleans and colored Alpaca lustrous, very fine
Striped broche and chene woollen shawls
Elegant embroidered thibet shawls and cardinals
Linen cambric and French lawn handkerchiefs, all prices
Plush, silk, and cut-velvet cravats for ladies
Cords and tassels, gimps, fringes, mits, &c.
Ivory, gold, and silver-plated fine combs
With a great variety of every kind of goods, which will be sold at pleasing prices. Call and see them, a few doors west of Brown's Hotel, at
GEORGE STETTINIUS,
Of the old firm of Wm. & Geo. Stettinius.
nov 6—31

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

THOMPSON TYLER, PROPRIETOR.

SITUATED

ON C. BETWEEN 4th AND 6th STREETS.

IMMEDIATELY IN THE REAR OF GADSBY'S HOTEL.

Price of Board—\$1.50 per day, fuel and light included.

nov 29—1m

NATIONAL EATING HOUSE.—The above well known establishment has been recently newly fitted up in all its various departments, and the proprietor is now ready to supply all his customers and the public with all the delicacies (and substantial ones too) of the season, served up in the very best manner, a la Francaise ou a l'Americain.

One or two newly furnished parlors have been added to the establishment, for the better accommodation of clubs or other parties. Dinners or simple dishes served hot, in any part of the city, at the shortest notice.

The proprietor, grateful for the patronage which the public has been pleased to award him, pledges his best efforts to merit its continuance, and to secure to his house that reputation for excellence and accommodation which it has for so long a time maintained.

W. WALKER.
N. B. Members of Congress, or others, forming clubs in any part of the city can be supplied as above.
nov 25—3wif

GROCERIES, BUTTER, APPLES, &c.—T. S. HOLMES, 7th street, nearly opposite the Patriotic Bank, has just received by the steamer Victory, Zone, Alexandria, and John Bell, from New York, his full and winter stock of Family Groceries, Butter, Cheese, Fruit, &c., and now offers for sale, in addition to a general assortment of Groceries, 103 firkins and tubs of choice New York Butter, 80 boxes Cheese from good dairies, 150 bbls of Apples, of various kinds, 25 bbls New York Flour, 25 " Virginia do [halves, and quarters], 20 " New York Buckwheat flour, in wholes, 20 boxes Do. Do, put up for small families, 12 bbls Mackerel, in wholes, halves, and quarters, 8 " Shad
Newfoundland and Smoked Salmon
75 choice Hams, Dried Beef
30 boxes Chemical Soap
Fancy Soaps, in large quantity
Cranberries, Codfish, Dried Fruit, &c., &c.
He respectfully invites purchasers to examine his stock before they buy.
nov 28—ff

FISH & CO.—THREE PREMIUMS!!!—The late fair of the American Institute in New York awarded us the first premium for the best Nutria Beaver Hats, and the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, two premiums for the Best Nutria and Mole skin Hats. Gentlemen wishing to procure a splendid "Caput Cover," finished after "Fish's" splendid Fall Model, by letting us glance at their "belongings" will be sure to get an article that will please, at New York prices. Also, Caps, Muffs, Fur Trimmings, &c., at reasonable prices. O. FISH & CO., Hatters,
No. 1 and 2 Brown's Hotel, Washington,
nov 25— and 137 Broadway, New York.

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY.—Cork Sole Boots, of my own make, cheap for cash, and no h. imbuto: to my numerous customers and the public generally, I invite them to call and examine my new style of Cork Sole Boots, which for neatness and durability, I challenge this or any other city to equal them, and for the low price of \$7. Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes of every description, of my own make, extremely low for cash. As I sell no work but my own make, all those who purchase from me may depend on getting the worth of their money. Don't forget the store right on the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 10th street.
nov 14—codt JOHN MILLS.

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY.—If you want dry feet all winter, prepare your boots and shoes with Leather Preservative or Oil Blacking, which will render the leather soft, make it more durable, and entirely impervious to water. It is also excellent for carriage tops, harness, &c. It can be had at
GILMAN'S
nov 8—1m Drug Store, near Brown's Hotel.

HOME INDUSTRY.—J. MAGUIRE, Hat Manufacturer, Seventh street, opposite the Patriotic Bank, has for sale a good assortment of splendid Mole skin, Cassimere, Nutria Beaver, Plain Russia, and Silk Hats of the latest fashion of his own make, and which he warrants equal in style, finish, and quality, to any imported, and at the lowest possible prices. Those disposed to encourage their own mechanics, will please give him a call and judge for themselves. All kinds of muffs, furs, and caps of every style and quality sold very cheap.
Five rooms above the store for rent. They will be furnished, if preferred.
nov 24—1m

YEAST SUBSTITUTE, superior in every respect to the ordinary Yeast now in use, for making Rolls, Buckwheat Cakes, Loaf Bread, &c., for sale with directions for use, at
GILMAN'S
nov 27 Drug Store.